

**TERM WISE SYLLABUS FOR GEOGRAPHY +1.**

**TERM – I.**

S.NO	PART	UNITS	TOPIC	CHAPTER	MARKS
1	A. (FANDAMENTAL OF PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY)	I	GEOGRAPHY AS A DISCIPLINE	GEOGRAPHY AS A DISCIPLINE	06
2		II	THE EARTH	I.THE ORIGIN AND EVOLUTION OF THE EARTH. II. INTERIOR OF EARTH. III. DISTRIBUTION OF OCEANS AND CONTINENTS.	12
3		III.	LANDFORMS	I. MINRALS AND ROCKS. II. GEOMORPHIC PROCESSES. III. LANDFORMS AND THEIR EVOLUTIONS	10
4		IV.	CLIMATE	I. COMPOSITION AND STRUCTURE OF ATMOSPHERE II. SOLAR RADITION HEAT BALANCE AND TEMPERATURE. IV. ATMOSPHERIC CIRCULATIONS AND WEATHER SYSTEM. V. WATER IN THE ATMOSPHERE. VI. WORLD CLIMATE AND CLIMATE CHANGE.	12
5		V	WATER (OCEANS)	I. WATER OF THE OCEANS. II. MOVEMENTS OF THE OCEAN WATERS	05
6			MAP WORK	WORLD MAP	05
7	C (PRACTICAL)	I.	FANDAMENTALS OF MAPS	I. INTRODUCTION. II. MAP. III. SCALES IV. DIRECTIONS V. MEASURING DISTANCES VI. USE OF SYMBOLS VII. LITITUDE, LONGITUTE AND TIME. VIII. MAP PROJECTIONS.	10


TERM WISE SYLLABUS FOR GEOGRAPHY +1.

TERM – II

S.NO	PART	UNITS	TOPIC	CHAPTER	MARKS
1	A	VI	LIFE ON THE EARTH	I. LIFE ON EARTH II. BIODIVERSITY AND CONSERVATION.	05
2	B) INDIA PHYSICAL ENVIRONMENT	I	INTRODUCTION; INDIA	I. INDIA: LOCATION, SPATIAL RELATIONS AND INDIA PLACE IN THE WORLD.	08
3		II	PHYSIOGRAPHY.	I. GEOLOGICAL STRUCTURE AND PHYSIOGRAPHY. II. DRAINAGE SYSTEM.	12
4		III.	CLIMATE.	I. CLIMATE. II. NATURAL VEGETATION. III. SOILS OF INDIA.	12
5		IV	NATURAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS	I. NATURAL HAZARDS AND DISASTERS.C	08
6			MAP WORK	MAP OF INDIA	05
7	C) PRACTICAL	II.	TOPOGRAPHIC AND WEATHER MAPS	I. REPRESENTATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF LANDFORMS. II. STUDY OF TOPOGRAPHICAL MAPS III. REMOTE SENSING. IV. STUDY OF WEATHER INSTRUMENTS AND WEATHER MAPS.	10

Prepared By

1) Vikas Anand,  
Lect in Geography  
GSSS Har Chauran  
Distt 192



2) Gagan Thapa  
Lect in Geography  
GSSS Pathwa  
Distt 192.

