1. Show the following on the outline map of India:
   i) Highest sex-ratio state of India
   ii) Kandla Port
   iii) North-South corridor
   iv) Tea producing area of India
   v) Indira Gandhi canal

2. Name the event and the year:
   a) 2011 Census: Most populous state of India
   b) The beginning of radio transmission in India
   c) The beginning of television transmission in India
   d) Independence of India
   e) The beginning of the 20th century
   f) The beginning of the 21st century

Candidates are required to give answers in their own words as far as possible.
Marks allotted to each question are indicated against it.

Special Instruction:
(i) While answering your question, you must indicate on your answer – book the same question number as appears in your question paper.
(ii) All questions are compulsory.
भारत में पहली जनगणना ———————————————————————————————————— 1923

Match the following:

a) Most urbanized state of India as per 2011 census —————————————————— West Bengal
b) India’s highest rice producing state ———————————————————————— Maharashtra
c) Radio broadcasting started in India ———————————————————————— 1881
d) The Doordarshan broadcasting started in India ———————————————————— 1959
e) The first census of India held in ———————————————————————— 1923

3. बहु विकल्पीय प्रश्न:

निःसंदर्भित प्रश्न के लिए चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिए गए हैं। सही उत्तर लिखें।

Multiple Choice questions:

Four multiple choice answers are given for the following questions. Write the correct answer.

i) Push and Pull factors are responsible for:

a) Migration  b) Slum colony  

b) Land-Degradation  d) Air Pollution

ii) भारत में नियोजन की प्रक्रिया कब आरम्भ की गई?

a) 1944  b) 1936  

c) 1951  d) 1947

When was the planning process started in India?

a) 1944  b) 1936  

c) 1951  d) 1947

iii) भारत में कितने मुख्य पद्धतियाँ?

a) 9  b) 11  

c) 12  d) 7

How many major ports are there in India?

a) 9  b) 11  

c) 12  d) 7

iv) निःसंदर्भित प्रश्न में से कौन सा नगरीय बिताय का प्रकार नहीं है?

a) प्रशासन  b) कृषि
Which of the following is not a function of urban settlements?

a) Administration  b) Agriculture  c) Industry  d) Trade

Which disease is caused by air pollution?

a) Malaria  b) Lung disease  c) Ear disease  d) Cholera

Which is the largest/longest national highway of India?

a) National Highway no. 3  b) National Highway no. 4  c) National Highway no. 7  d) National Highway no. 5

Which type of settlement pattern is found along a road?

a) Rectangular  b) Circular  c) Linear  d) Starlike

Which of the following river is highly polluted?

a) Brahmaputra  b) Yamuna
c) Satluj
d) Godavari

x) Which city is known as Manchester of India?
   a) Kanpur
   b) Ludhiana
   c) Ahmedabad
d) Kolkata

4. Describe the conditions of growth, production and major areas of cultivation of wheat in India.

5. Describe the factors affecting distribution of population in India.

6. Give the functional classification of Indian towns.

7. What is Pipeline Transport? Discuss the major pipelines in India.

8. Write the different means of mass communication.

9. Write the names of non-conventional sources of energy and also their importance.

10. Differentiate between rural and urban settlements.

11. What is meant by Human development.

12. What do you mean by Land Degradation.

13. Differentiate between import and export.
Write a note on problems of slums in India.